

Study of $H+jet$, $H\gamma$ at the Tevatron in Run 2

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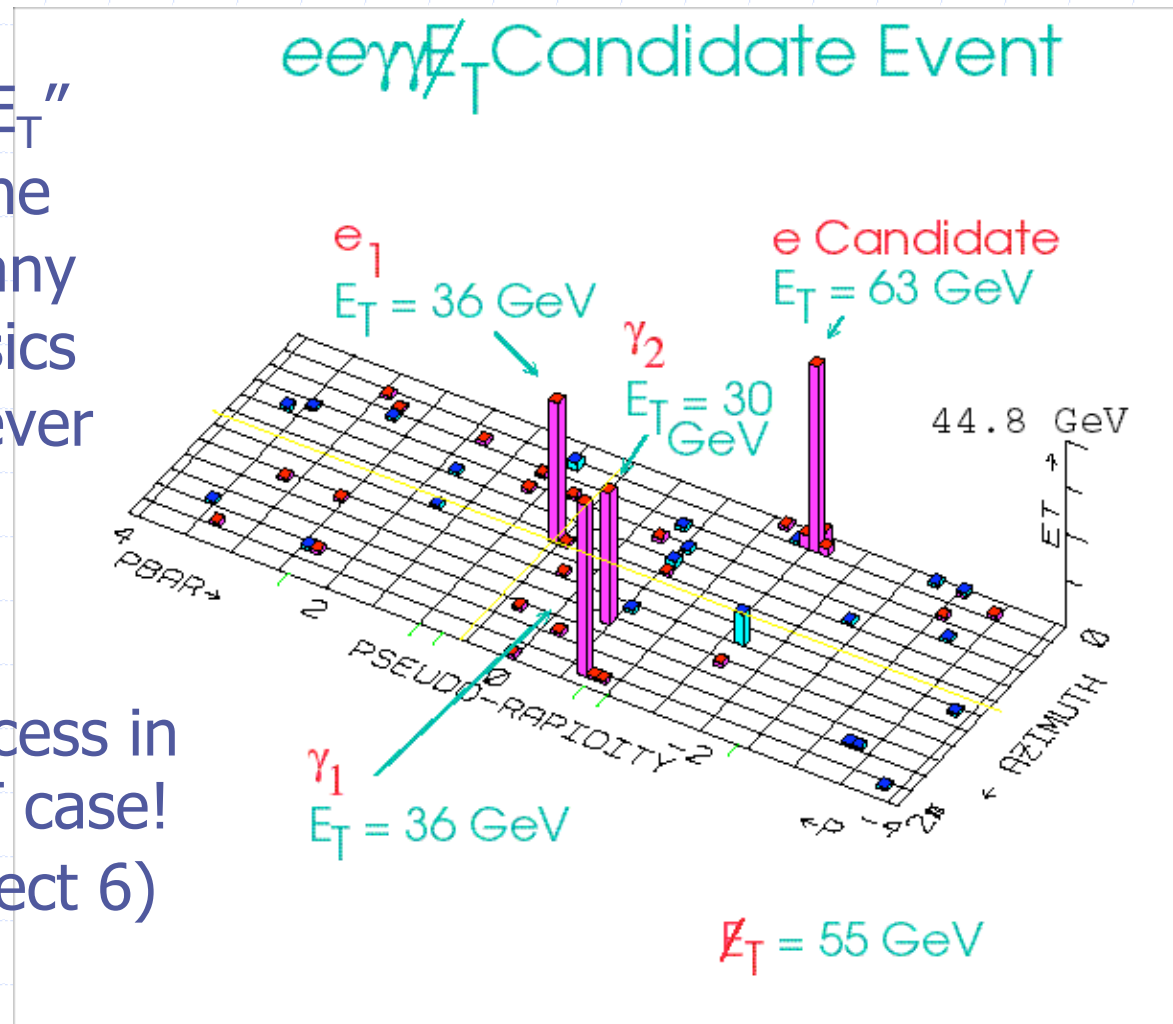
Mexican Physical Society

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Appetizer: a trio of strange events

“ $ee \rightarrow \mu\mu + \text{missing } E_T$ ”
 event: possibly the
 strangest event any
 high energy physics
 experiment has ever
 recorded...

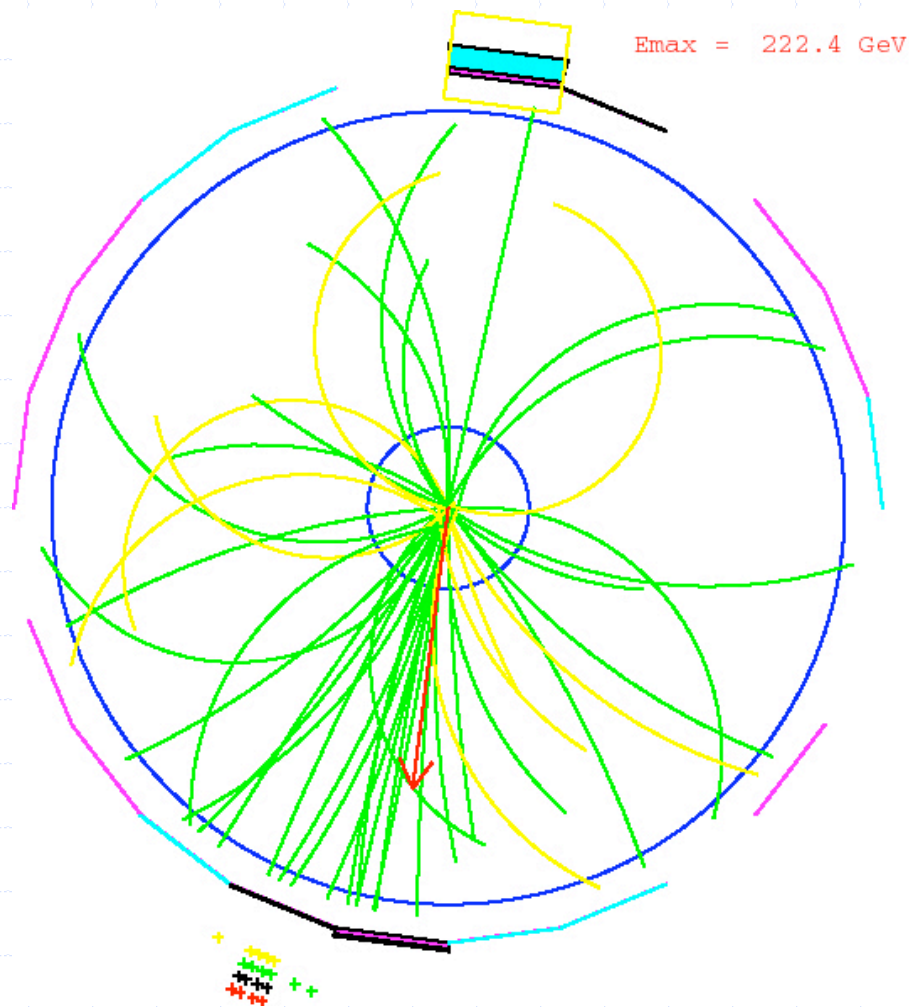
Studied related
 channels; see excess in
 $l^+ l^- + \text{missing } E_T$ case!
 (observe 16, expect 6)



"The Whopper" - high- E_T tau?

A 222-GeV transverse energy tau candidate...

We expect about 0.5 of these from QCD dijet, with one jet faking a tau.

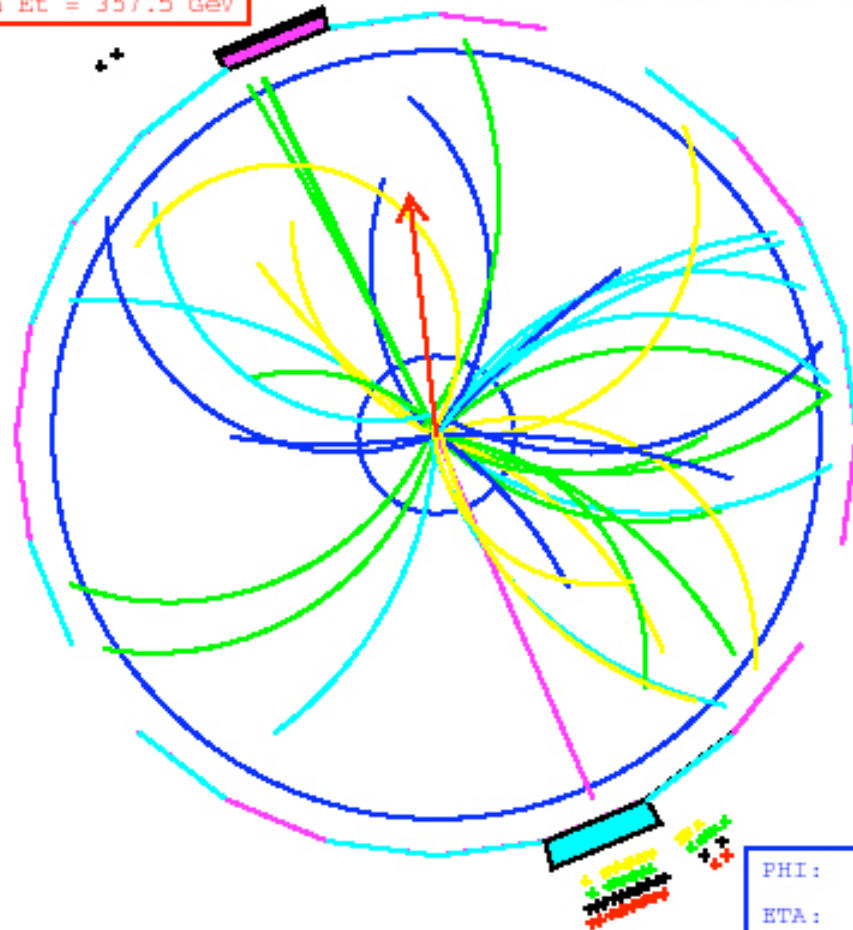


High- E_T di-tau event

Two extraordinarily high transverse energy tau candidates...not accounted for by dijet fakes or Drell Yan signal...what is it?

$E_T(\text{MET}) = 47.9 \text{ GeV}$
 $\Phi = 96.4 \text{ Deg}$
 $\text{Sum } E_T = 357.5 \text{ GeV}$

$E_{\text{max}} = 158.4 \text{ GeV}$



$\Phi: 293.$
 $\eta: 0.04$

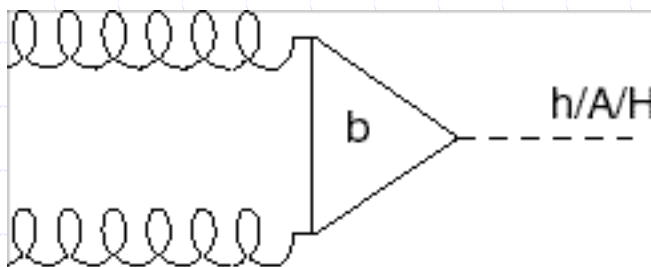
Taus in CDF

Taus have been used (and will be used) in many analyses in Run 1 and Run 2 in CDF:

- $W \rightarrow \tau\bar{\tau}$, rate and FB charge asymmetry
- top \rightarrow charged Higgs search
- top $\rightarrow W \rightarrow \tau\bar{\tau}$
- 3rd generation leptoquark search
- SUSY at high $\tan\beta$
- **MSSM Higgs**

MSSM Higgs search using tau pairs

- $gg \rightarrow H_j \rightarrow \tau\tau_j$ may add sensitivity in MSSM Higgs search at Tevatron: cross section $\propto \tan^2\beta$



- want to cross check result using PGS simulation and optimistic selection
- study Higgs signal and Z +jet background only

PGS simulation

- Run 2 SUSY/Higgs workshop: needed simple simulation of generic collider detector
- Easy interface to PYTHIA, ISAJET, ...
- Use for rough estimates of signal, background
 - fast turnaround for prototype analyses
 - accurate to about 20%

What PGS does/does not do

Does simulate

- ✓ tracking (inc. resolution)
- ✓ calorimetry (ind. particles)
- ✓ trigger info
- ✓ physics objects (e, μ, \dots)

Does not simulate

- ✗ magnetic deflection
- ✗ multiple interactions
- ✗ z-vertex effects
- ✗ actual detector geometry

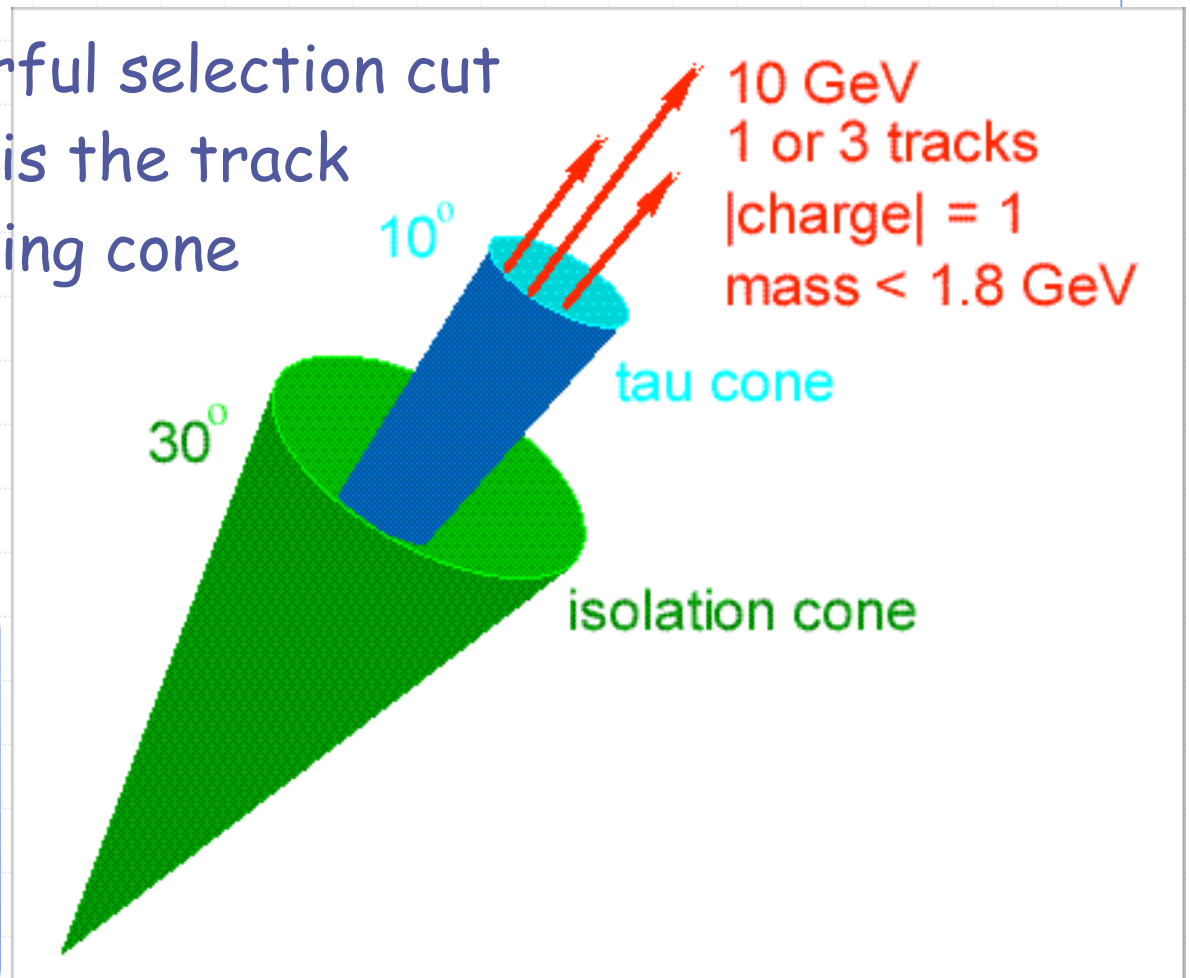
Tau ID in CDF

Most powerful selection cut for tau ID is the track isolation using cone around tau direction:

• Also cut on cluster width, mass (inc. $\Delta\theta$)

~70% efficiency

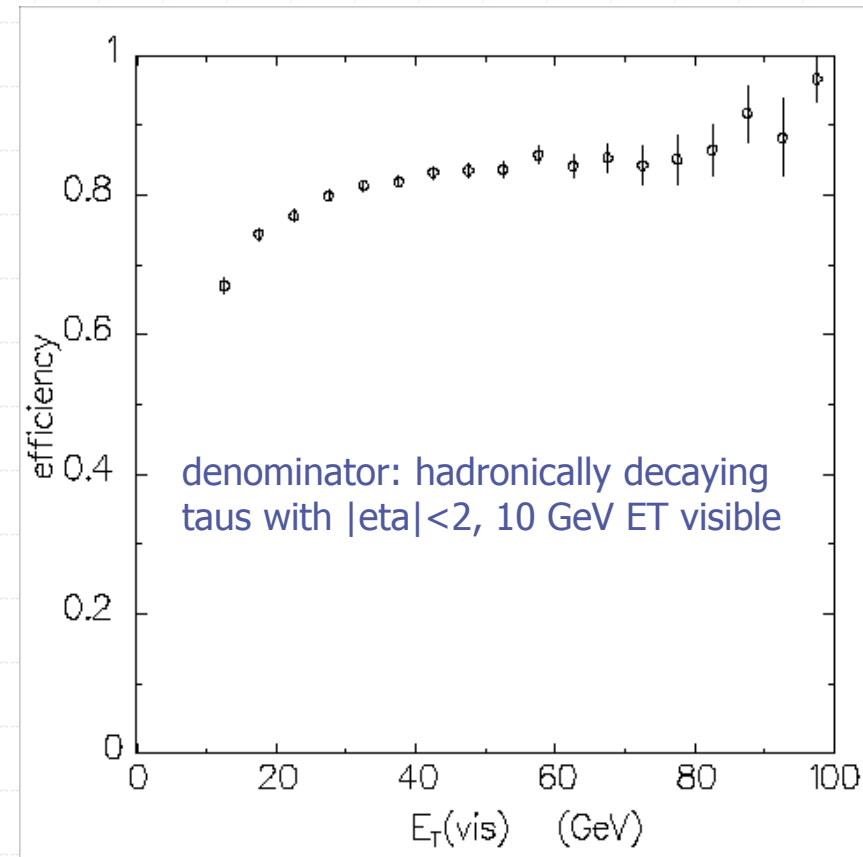
jet fake rate ~ 0.5%



Tau selection and efficiency in PGS

Tau identification cuts

- calorimeter cluster
- 1 or 3 tracks in 10° cone
- 0 tracks in $10-30^\circ$ cone
- $|\text{charge}|=1$
- $E_{\text{cal}}/E_{\text{trk}}(1-E_{\text{em}}/E_{\text{had}})>1/4$
- track $p_T > 5 \text{ GeV}$
- (no mass cut yet)



□ optimistic efficiency for taus...higher than Run 1

Event generation and selection

generation

PYTHIA 6.2

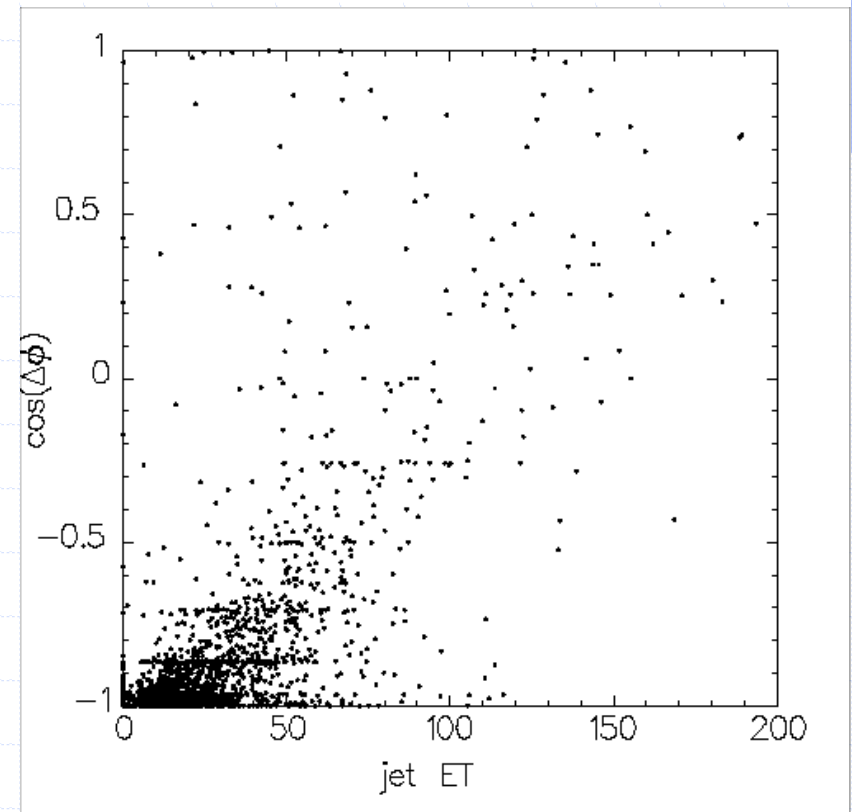
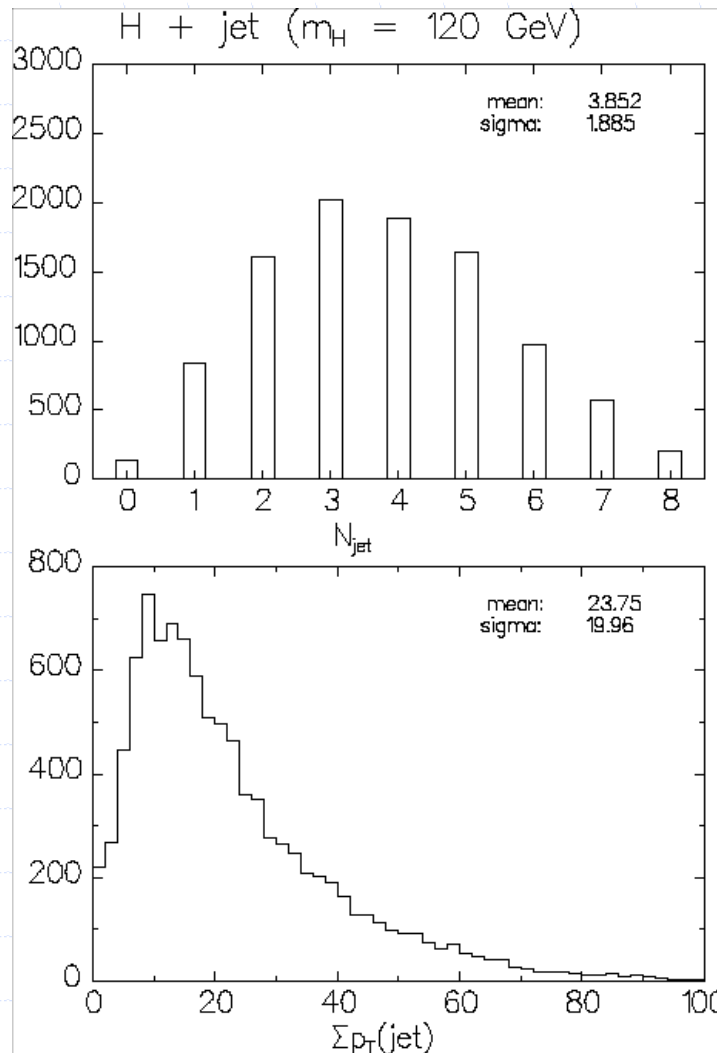
H+jet: processes 113, 185, 190

Z+jet: processes 15, 30

selection

- e, mu, or tau: $E_T > 15 \text{ GeV}$, $|\eta| < 2$
- e, mu, or tau: $E_T > 10 \text{ GeV}$, $|\eta| < 2$
- jet $E_T > 20 \text{ GeV}$

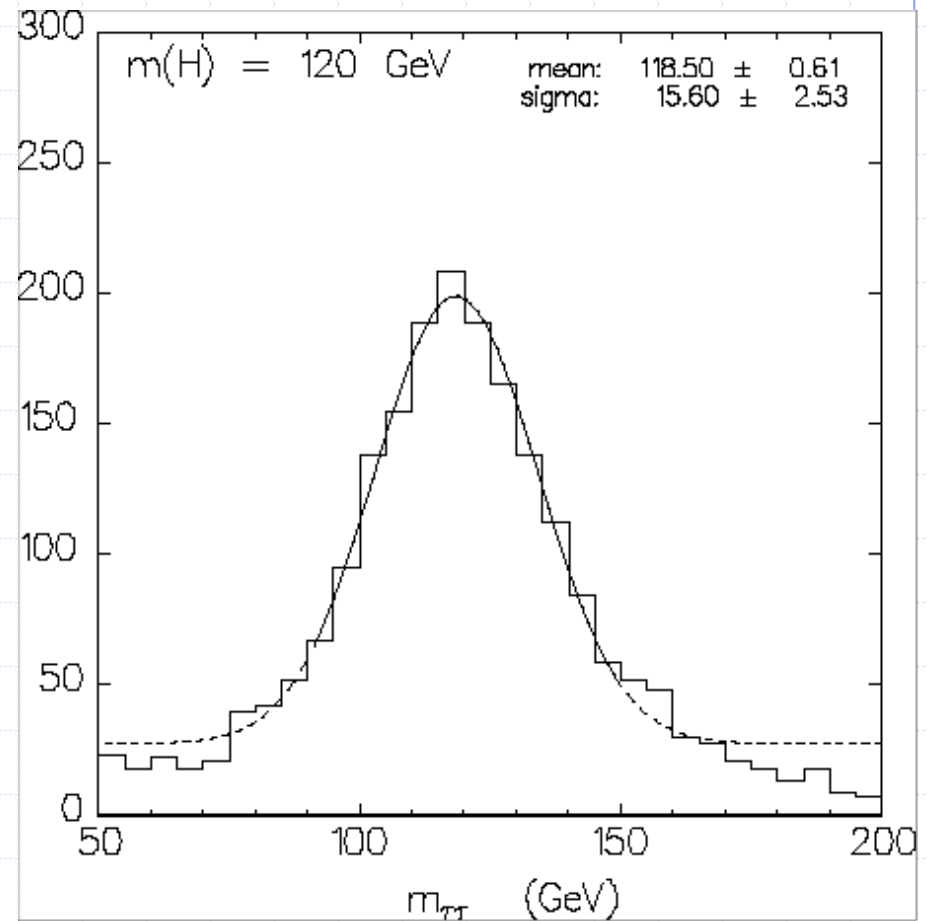
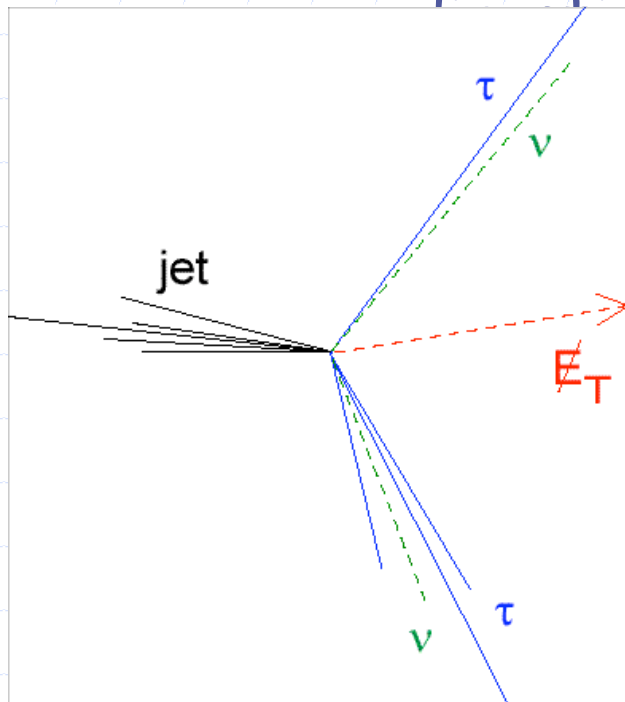
Jets versus tau-tau angle



➤ cut on $\cos\Delta\phi$ rather than jet E_T to preserve efficiency?

Tau pair mass reconstruction

reconstruct tau pair mass by projecting missing E_T onto tau directions:

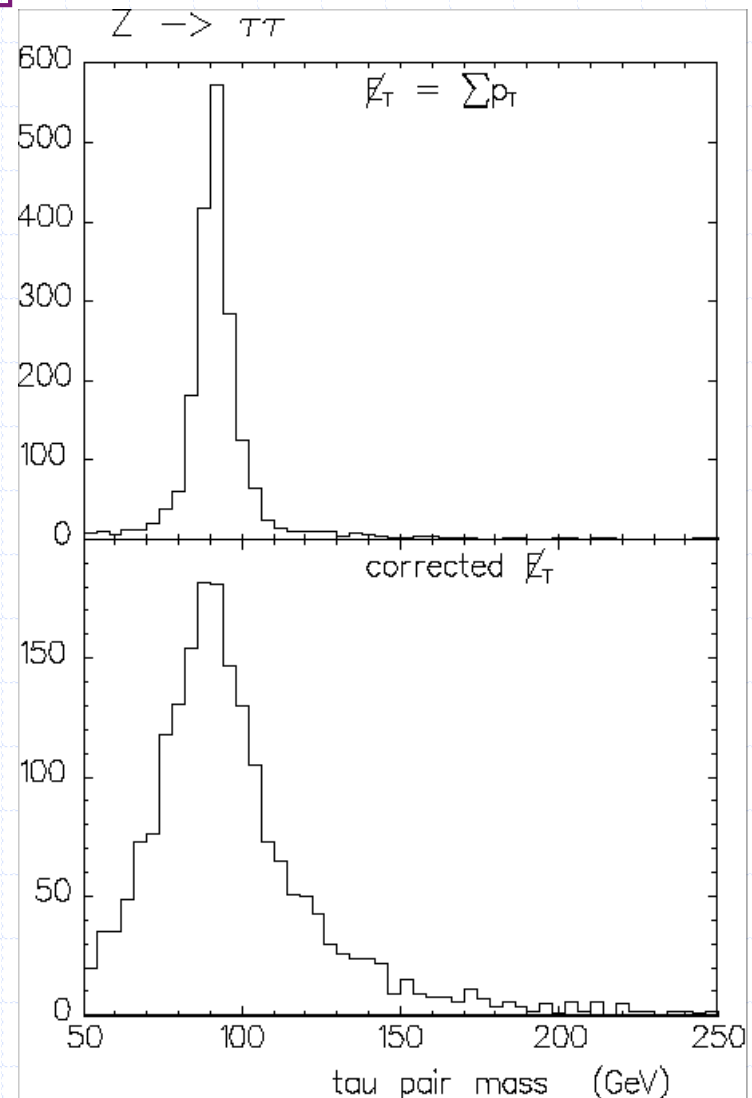


- sensitive to missing E_T resolution
- irreducible background from Z

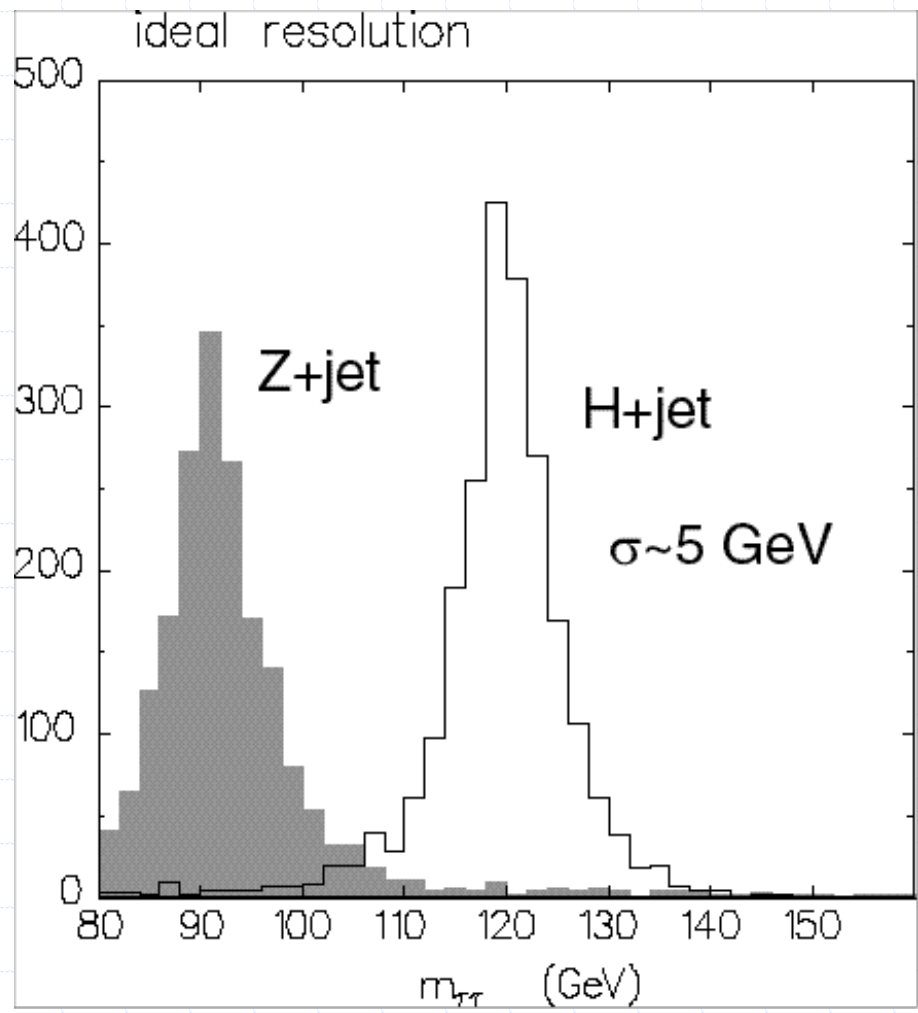
Ideal resolution for $Z \rightarrow \tau\tau$

Get an idea of the ideal mass resolution by comparing tau pair mass determined using real missing E_T versus using "true" missing E_T from sum of tau decay neutrino p_T :

mass resolution
determines the amount
of Z and DY continuum
leaking into signal region



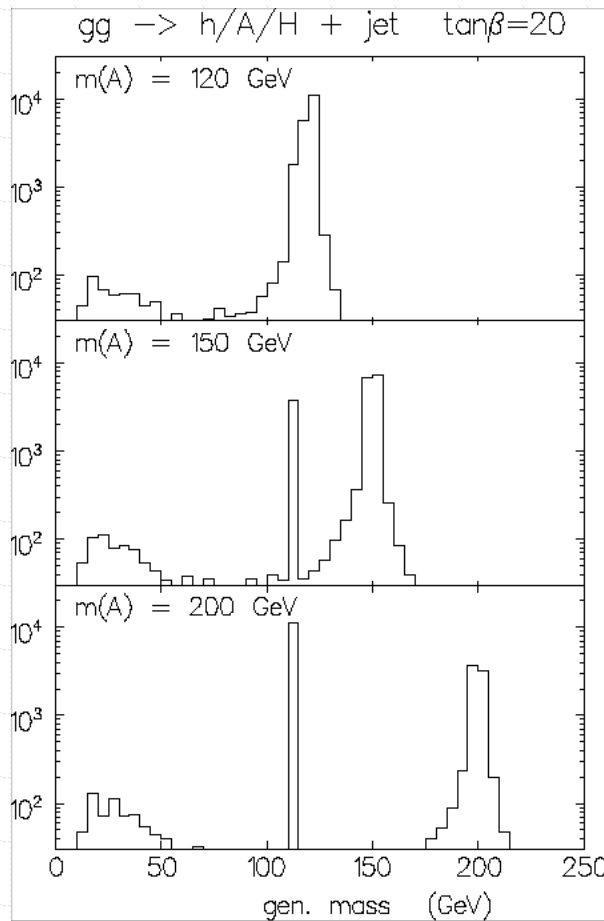
Comparison using ideal resolution



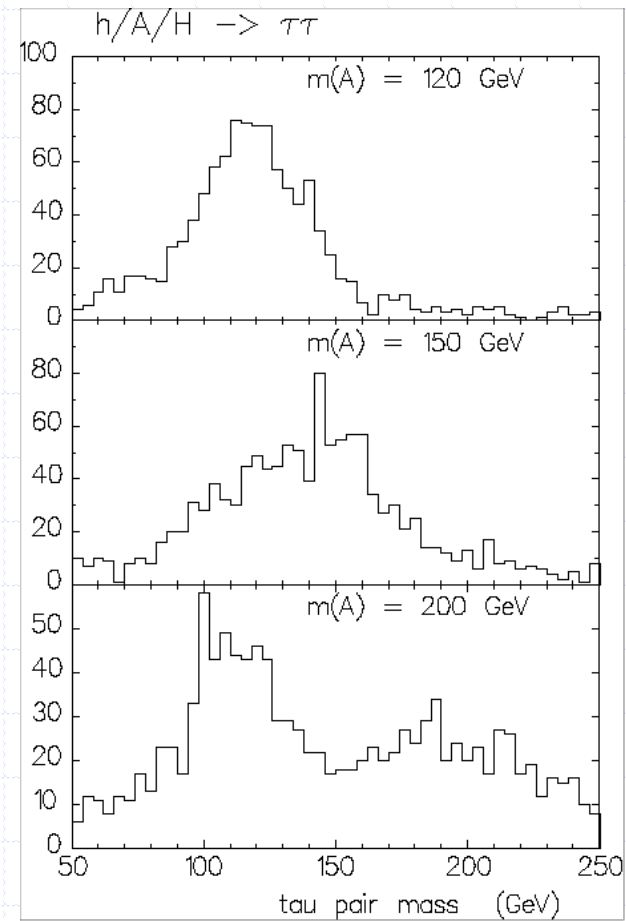
Here we use the true neutrino momenta rather than the missing E_T to reconstruct the tau pair mass; only detector resolution on the visible decay products is left

Realistic resolution

must generate all MSSM Higgses!



generated



reconstructed

Comparison of H+jet and Z+jet rates

	H+jet (*)	$\square\square/Z$ +jet
cross section	$1.6 \times 24.0 \text{ fb}$	$? \times 148 \text{ pb}$
generated	10000	100000
$e/\square/\square, E_T > 20 \text{ GeV}$	13195	25974
$e/\square/\square, E_T > 15 \text{ GeV}$	4947	7003
jet $E_T > 20 \text{ GeV}$	2445	2470
$110 < m_{\square\square} < 140 \text{ GeV}$	1001	299
events in 10 fb^{-1}	19	4440
(ideal resolution)	(40)	(1114)

(*) SM Higgs, 120 GeV mass

MSSM signal/background rates

$$\tan\beta = 20$$

$m(A) =$	120 GeV	150 GeV	200 GeV
cross section (fb)	351	113	37
mass range (GeV)	110-140	110-200	110-250
signal in 10 fb^{-1}	168	96	35
Z + jets in 10 fb^{-1}	4440	6321	6762

➤ even at moderately large tan beta, this looks difficult!

Conclusions (preliminary)

- Taus are very interesting for Run 2!
- The $gg \rightarrow H \rightarrow \tau\tau$ channel is enhanced at large $\tan\beta$ and does not suffer huge QCD dijet background
- Can reconstruct ditau mass when tau pair is not back to back in azimuth - limited by missing E_T resolution
- This channel may not add much sensitivity, but more study is needed...

